Reinsurance Matters

IASA Northeastern Chapter 2004 Conference Newport, Rhode Island

Presented by:



Insurance Resolutions, Inc

Today's Topics

 Part I: Accounting for reinsurance: Evaluating Risk Transfer Revisited
Part II: Accounting for reinsurance: Reinstatement Premiums
Part III: The worlds largest reinsurer?: Update on TRIA Part I Evaluating Risk Transfer Revisited

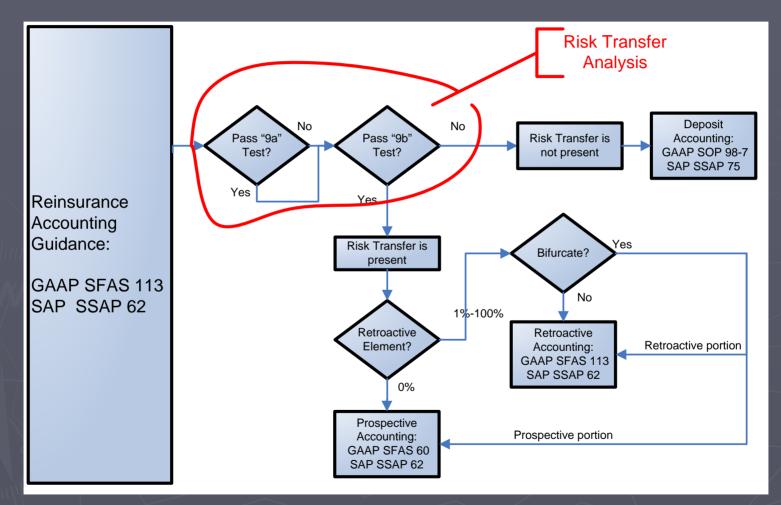
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Risk Transfer - In the News

Regulators are raising concerns about lowrisk policies sold by reinsurers that may do little more than dress up financial statements"

(The Wall Street Journal October 29, 2004 – Front Page)

Accounting For Reinsurance: Overview of Guidance



Risk Transfer - Resources

Your independent auditor

Case studies

 Available at <u>www.ins-resolutions.com</u> content from 2003 IASA Conference "Risk Transfer Case Study"

Available at <u>www.swissre.com</u> technical publications paper on "A Change of paradigms in financial accounting?"

Recent AICPA industry expert panel paper on "Evaluating Risk Transfer in Reinsurance of Short-Duration Contracts"

Available at <u>www.aicpa.org/download/acctstd/exprtpnl</u>

Part II: Accounting for Reinsurance: Reinstatement Premiums

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Unprecedented Catastrophe Activity in 2004

4 separate events occurring in 2004 enter the ISO's list of the "Ten most costly hurricanes in the United States" (source: Insurance Information Institute)

Many companies catastrophe reinsurance coverages will be activated

Reinstatement and similar mechanisms will be triggered

Example of Reinstatement clause

REINSURED:	Seaport Insurance Company
PERIOD:	Losses occurring during the period August 1, 2004 to July 31, 2005
CLASS:	Property Catastrophe
TERRITORY:	USA
RETENTION:	\$750,000 ultimate net loss Each and every loss occurrence
LIMIT:	\$2,250,000 ultimate net loss Each and every loss occurrence
PREMIUM:	Minimum and Deposit \$400,000 Adjustable at 1.25% of subject premium income
REINSTATEMENT:	One full reinstatement 100% additional premium as to time, pro rata as to amount reinstated
PRIORITY:	All other reinsurance of the reinsured to be applied first, whether collectible or not

What is a reinstatement provision?

Reinsurance contracts provide coverage limits for losses

- Limited versus Unlimited coverage
- Additional premiums may be triggered by losses

If limited the additional premium to be paid to the reinsurer as losses are presented which "exhaust" the limits are called "reinstatement premiums"

How do reinstatement provisions work?

► May be "Free" but if not;

- Additional "reinstatement" premium is usually a function of (one or more):
 - the amount of coverage limit which is exhausted ("AMOUNT")
 - the proportion of time left in the contract for future events to be covered ("TIME")
 - The ultimate premium payable without the loss

Calculating Reinstatement Premiums

The additional premium may be calculated in several ways:

PRO RATA: Time and/or Amount may be calculated "Pro Rata"

For Time: [# days remaining / # days total]

For Amount: [amount of loss / total amount of cover]

FIXED PERCENTAGE: Time and/or Amount may be calculated using a fixed percentage

► For Fixed Percentage: multiply by selected %

Some examples

GIVEN:

- LIMIT OF COVER: US\$ 2,000,000
- PERIOD : 1 Jul 2004 to 20 Jun 2005
- LOSS TO COVER: US\$ 1,000,000
- DATE OF LOSS: 30 Sep 2004
- ULTIMATE PREMIUM W/O LOSS: US \$300,000

EXAMPLES:

- #1: "100% additional premium, Pro Rata as to Amount and Pro rata as to Time"
- #2: "100% additional premium, Pro Rata as to Amount and 100% as to Time"
- #3: "50% additional premium, Pro rata as to Amount and Pro Rata as to Time"

Accounting and Reporting

What accounting period should the additional reinstatement premiums be charged to?

- GAAP Guidance: SFAS 113 paragraph 21
 - Recognize the "ultimate" premium over the life of the contract in proportion to the amount of coverage provided

SAP Guidance: SSAP 62 paragraph 25

"Reinstatement premium, if any, shall be earned over the period from the reinstatement of the limit to the expiration of the agreement"

Premium Recognition Alternatives

Period	1 Jul 04 - 1 Jul 05					
Deposit Premium	300,000					
Reinstatement for 30 Sep 04 claim	150,000					
Ultimate Premium	450,000					
	ALTERNATIVE PREM					
Calendar Qtr	OPTION 1 Deposit Amort	Reinst Amort	Total Amort	_		
3Q04	75,000		75,000		Y 04 - \$200	000
4Q04	75,000	50,000	125,000	\nearrow	1 04 - ψ200	,000
1Q05	75,000	50,000	125,000		Y 05 - \$250	
2Q05	75,000	50,000	125,000		1 05 - \$250	,000
Total	300,000	150,000	450,000			
	OPTION 2					
Calendar Qtr	Ult Prem Amort	Reinst Amort	Total Amort	<		
3Q04	112,500		112,500	CY	04 - \$225,0	000
4Q04	112,500	-	112,500			
1Q05	112,500	-	112,500		05 - \$225,0	00
2Q05	112,500	<u> </u>	112,500		φΖΖΟ,	
Total	450,000	-	450,000			
	OPTION 3					
<u>Calendar Qtr</u>	Deposit Amort	Reinst Amort	Total Amort	\sim –		
3Q04	75,000		75,000	C'	Y 04 - \$300	,000
4Q04	75,000	150,000	225,000			
1Q05	75,000	-	75,000		/ 05 - \$150,	000
2Q05	75,000		75,000		- 15 - 4 .50,	
Total	300,000	150,000	450,000			

Part III: The Worlds Largest Reinsurer? TRIA Update

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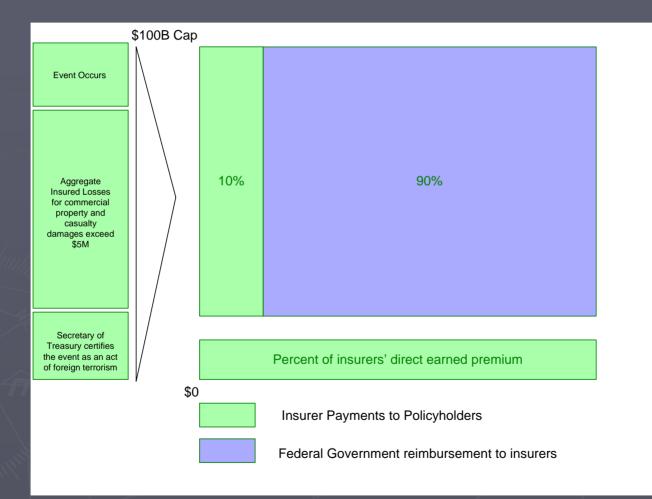
TRIA Basics

 "Terrorism Risk Insurance Act of 2002" signed into law on November 26,2002
Goals:

Make terrorism insurance widely available and affordable to policyholders

 Provide a transitional period for insurance industry to develop products to address this risk
Will expire on December 31, 2005

How TRIA works (source: GAO)



TRIA Status

Has not been extended past December 31, 2005 as had been anticipated

The "take-up rate" has recently increased to almost 50%

Companies are negotiating and will soon issue policies with coverage extending past the expiration date

BOTTOM LINE: Most people expect an extension to be passed during 2005

TRIA Claims Process

The Department of Treasury has established the "Terrorism Risk Insurance Program (TRIP) office"

Insurers must be able to accumulate subject losses, calculate their deductibles, and report and bill the Treasury for covered claims above the deductible

Small companies are at a disadvantage administratively

TRIA Open Issues

▶ Will the Act be extended? In what form? How will insurers address their exposure to terrorism losses on policies that extend beyond the expiration of TRIA? \triangleright Mechanisms for handling claims reporting, auditing, and settlement must be designed, tested, and implemented

TRIA resources

Go to: <u>www.treas.gov/offices/domestic-</u> <u>financial/financial-institution/terrorism-</u> <u>insurance/</u>

Disclaimer

The opinions or positions expressed in this presentation do not necessarily reflect the opinions or positions of Insurance Resolutions, Inc., Horizon Management Group LLC, or any of our clients.

Questions ?



Thank You

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